OFFICE OF THE ASSESSOR

TOM J. SLAVICH



2019 ANNUAL REPORT SAN BENITO COUNTY

A MEESAGE FROM ASSESSOR TOM J. SLAVICH



The Assessor's Office is committed in providing the citizens and property taxpayers of San Benito County a timely, accurate, and fair assessment roll. We are proud of the high level of public service offered to all those inquiring about the assessment of property whether by phone, office visit, email, or direct contact with our appraisal staff in the field. As part of this service, we provide this Annual Report to keep you informed of the assessment picture and activity in San Benito County. The Assessor's Annual Report contains detailed statistics, summary charts and graphs; it compares the historical data and provides assessment information by school district, city and property type for the 2019 assessment roll as of the lien (valuation) date January 1, 2019.

Our total assessed value reached a new plateau exceeding \$9.2 billion for the 2019 assessment year. We experienced an increase of nearly \$727 million in assessed value over the previous year mainly due to rising property values, a surge in new residential development and new construction. The 2019 net assessment roll (excluding utilities) increased by 8.2% which is a reflection of the continuing strength of the real estate market. During the past 7 years the local assessment roll has grown by 52% in assessed value. The current assessment rolls will generate nearly \$92 million in revenue for public schools, cities, county, and special districts. Of the 58 counties, San Benito County was ranked 3rd in overall percentage growth in assessed value for this assessment year.

Due to the changing real estate market, the Assessor's Office focused efforts on properties that had previously received a temporary value reduction (Proposition 8) and reviewed over 1,200 properties to determine the value as of January 1, 2019. As a result of this mandatory review, 200 properties were removed from Proposition 8 status and fully restored back to the Proposition 13 assessed values. The majority of the remaining 1,000 properties under Proposition 8 status, which represents nearly 5% of the county's secured parcels, also experienced some upward value adjustments (partial restoration) to reflect the rising valuation in the residential real estate market. Our staff will continue to monitor all relevant market data during the 2019 calendar year to determine if further value adjustments are warranted for the 2020-2021 fiscal year. It is important to remember that Proposition 8 value reductions are temporary. Just as Proposition 8 requires the Assessor to reduce property assessments during an economic downturn, it also mandates the Assessor to restore property assessments when the market recovers. Once a property receives a Proposition 8 reduction, its value must be reviewed each year to determine the January 1st market value compared to the Proposition 13 assessed value. The lower of these values is the enrolled value used for property tax purposes.

Our office also continues to be involved in the Countywide GIS System and we continue to update the Assessor's website to include more forms and information for the taxpayers. All assessment value notices' are posted to the Assessor's website (www.cosb.us/assessor) and our office also provides an on-line Business Personal Property Tax filing system which was upgraded this year. These accomplishments assist us in better serving the public.

I would like to acknowledge and commend my dedicated staff for their hard work and commitment in performing their duties and for providing the highest level of public service.

Sincerely,

Tom J. Slavich, Assessor

Jim J. Dank

2019-2020 COUNTY TAXABLE VALUES BY PROPERTY TYPE

(INCLUDES SECURED & UNSECURED ROLLS—EXCLUDES UTILITIES)

	2018-2019	2019-2020	AMOUNT	PERCENT
OWTH	TAXABLE	TAXABLE	INCREASE	INCREASE
GROWTH	VALUE	VALUE	(DECREASE)	(DECREASE)
LAND	\$3,502,902,918	\$3,769,250,473	\$266,347,555	7.6%
IMPROVEMENTS	\$4,620,657,515	\$5,064,032,671	\$443,375,156	9.6%
PERSONAL PROPERTY	\$431,381,333	\$449,404,640	\$18,023,307	4.2%
GROSS COUNTY VALUES	<u>\$8,554,941,766</u>	\$9,282,687,784	<u>\$727,746,018</u>	8.5%
LESS EXEMPTIONS				
Homeowners	\$57,593,500	\$57,812,817	\$219,317	0.4%
Misc	\$126,529,689	\$167,072,572	\$40,542,883	32.0%
Total Exemptions	\$184,123,189	\$224,885,389	\$40,762,200	22.1%
NET COUNTY VALUES	<u>\$8,370,818,577</u>	\$9,057,802,395	<u>\$686,983,818</u>	8.2%

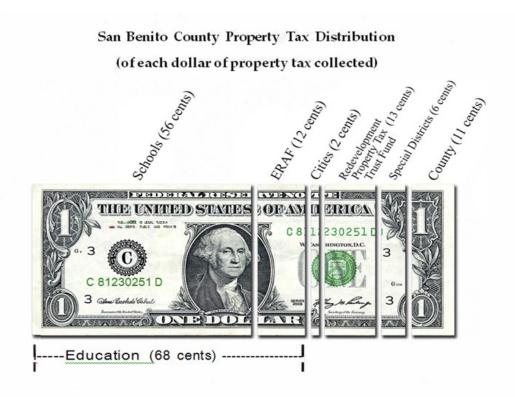
2019-2020

A WORD ABOUT PROPERTY TAXES

After determining the assessed value of all locally taxable property and granting all legal exemptions, the Assessor forwards the assessments to the Auditor's Office. The Auditor applies the appropriate tax rate and special assessments, determining the total tax due and submits the Tax Roll to the Tax Collector for billing and collection. Proposition 13 limits the basic property tax rate to one percent of the property's net taxable value.

The property tax revenue collected on the basic one percent tax rate is divided among the local governmental agencies in San Benito County. This revenue supports local schools, cities, redevelopment agencies, special districts, and San Benito County Government. The following chart illustrates how the tax dollars were distributed.

The fair and equitable valuation and assessment of all locally taxable property by our staff supports the delivery of essential public services provided to the residents and property owners of San Benito County. The Assessor does not apportion, calculate, bill, or collect taxes. Please call the Auditor at (831)636-4090 for information regarding the allocation of property taxes. Please call the Tax Collector at (831)636-4034 for information regarding the payment and collection of property taxes.



2019-2020 TAXABLE VALUES BY SCHOOL DISTRICT BEFORE EXEMPTIONS

(INCLUDES SECURED & UNSECURED ROLLS—EXCLUDES UTILITIES)

	2018-2019	2019-2020	AMOUNT	PERCENT
一类 个	TAXABLE	TAXABLE	INCREASE	INCREASE
SCHOOL	VALUE	VALUE	(DECREASE)	(DECREASE)
AROMAS/SAN JUAN	\$1,395,184,101	\$1,490,406,336	\$95,222,235	6.8%
BITTERWATER	\$51,589,026	\$52,962,092	\$1,373,066	2.7%
CIENEGA	\$76,873,531	\$81,549,769	\$4,676,238	6.1%
COALINGA	\$1,064,501	\$1,093,641	\$29,140	2.7%
HOLLISTER	\$5,390,848,516	\$5,911,682,924	\$520,834,408	9.7%
JEFFERSON	\$38,214,281	\$39,743,828	\$1,529,547	4.0%
NORTH COUNTY	\$854,077,322	\$906,537,637	\$52,460,315	6.1%
PANOCHE	\$72,748,038	\$76,000,170	\$3,252,132	4.5%
SOUTHSIDE	\$342,183,757	\$359,067,630	\$16,883,873	4.9%
TRES PINOS	\$180,407,452	\$189,878,842	\$9,471,390	5.2%
WILLOW GROVE	\$151,751,241	\$173,764,915	\$22,013,674	14.5%
TOTALS	\$8,554,941,766	\$9,282,687,784	\$727,746,018	8.5%
(1) CITY OF HOLLISTER	\$4,005,057,859	\$4,376,861,241	\$371,803,382	9.3%
(1) CITY OF SAN JUAN BAUTISTA	\$214,445,334	\$253,164,260	\$38,718,926	18.1%

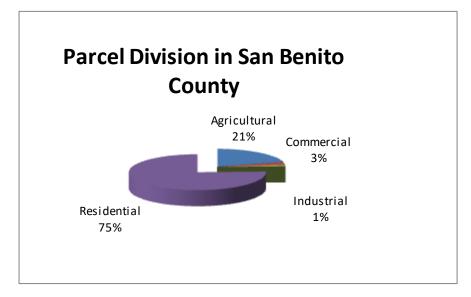
NOTE (1) - THESE TOTALS <u>ARE INCLUDED</u> IN THE ABOVE SCHOOL DISTRICT VALUES

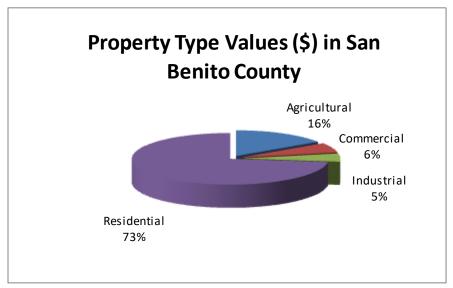
2019-2020 TAXABLE VALUES BY TYPE OF PROPERTY

INCLUDES SECURED ROLL ONLY

TAXABLE VALUE

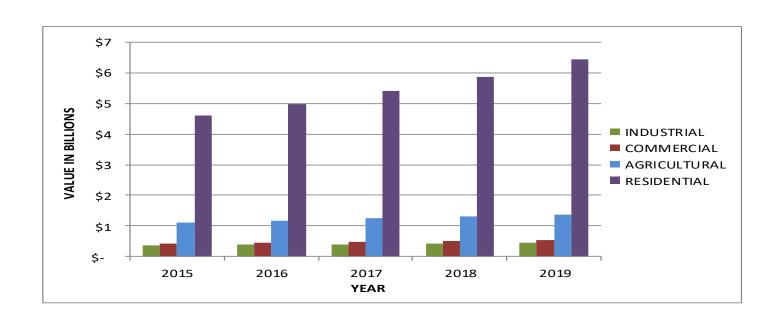
TYPE OF PROPERTY	<u>PARCELS</u>	BEFORE EXEMPTIONS
INDUSTRIAL	250	\$456,117,420
COMMERCIAL	595	\$543,827,581
AGRICULTURAL	4,470	\$1,381,632,128
RESIDENTIAL	16,408	\$6,440,363,260
TOTAL	21,723	\$8,821,940,389





TAXABLE VALUES BY TYPE OF PROPERTY 2014-2018 COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
INDUSTRIAL	\$368,417,104	\$382,686,760	\$407,149,517	\$422,342,849	\$456,117,420
PARCEL COUNT	243	252	250	250	250
COMMERCIAL	\$428,408,787	\$447,368,661	\$481,805,791	\$518,145,775	\$543,827,581
PARCEL COUNT	603	599	598	600	595
AGRICULTURAL	\$1,121,598,744	\$1,175,592,282	\$1,258,291,489	\$1,308,417,650	\$1,381,632,128
PARCEL COUNT	4,512	4,497	4,481	4,492	4,470
RESIDENTIAL	\$4,604,439,025	\$4,964,454,587	\$5,393,089,431	\$5,870,422,735	\$6,440,363,260
PARCEL COUNT	14,413	14,834	15,355	15,927	16,408



SAN BENITO COUNTY STATISTICS

"THE LAND OF SAINT BENEDICT" WAS NAMED FROM THE SAINT BENEDICT RIVER (SAN BENITO RIVER) BY FATHER JUAN CRESPI IN 1772. SAN BENITO COUNTY WAS FORMED IN 1874 FROM A PORTION OF MONTEREY COUNTY. THE COUNTY ALSO EXPANDED IN 1887 WHEN PORTIONS OF MERCED AND FRESNO COUNTIES WERE ANNEXED IN.

<u>SAN JUAN MISSION</u> WAS FOUNDED IN 1797 AND DESIGNATED AS A NATIONAL HISTORICAL LANDMARK BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR ON APRIL 15, 1970.

ANZA TRAIL COLONIZING EXPEDITION OF 1775-76 WAS LEAD BY SPANISH CAPTAIN JUAN DE ANZA TO CONNECT NEW SPAIN (MEXICO) TO ALTA CALIFORNIA. THE 1200 MILE ROUTE STARTED IN NOGALES AZ AND ENDED IN SAN FRANCISCO. THE TRAIL THROUGH SAN BENITO COUNTY TO MONTEREY COUNTY FOLLOWS ALONG SAN JUAN GRADE ROAD.

<u>PINNACLES NATIONAL PARK</u> WAS CREATED FROM AN ANCIENT VOLCANO. THE MONUMENT WITH ALL 26,000 ACRES WAS RECENTLY ELEVATED TO NATIONAL PARK STATUS THRU CONGESSIONAL BILL H.R 3641, THE PINNACLES NATIONAL PARK ACT. THE PARK IS THE RELEASE POINT FOR THE CALIFORNIA CONDOR.

<u>CLIMATE:</u> LYING BETWEEN THE MARINE LAYER FOG AND THE SAN JOAQUIN HEAT, THE COUNTY HAS A MODERATE CLIMATE. BOASTING 333 DAYS OF SUNSHINE, WITH AVERAGE TEMPERATURES IN THE HIGH 60'S MAKING IT PLEASANT FOR AGRICULTURE & RECREATION. THE ANNUAL PRECIPITATION IS 10-12 INCHES.

<u>GOVERNMENT:</u> THE COUNTY IS LEAD BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS. SAN BENITO COUNTY IS INCLUDED IN THE ASSOCIATION OF MONTEREY BAY AREA GOVERNMENT & ALL COUNTY STATISTICS ARE INCLUDED IN THE BAY AREA REGIONAL CITIES.

POPULATION (2017) Estimate	. 60,310
SQUARE MILES	1,396
<u>ACRES</u>	893,440
CITY, COUNTY, STATE AND FEDERAL ACRES	.126,400
LAND CONSERVATION ACT (THE WILLIAMSON ACT)	
TOTAL ACRES UNDER THE ACT (Includes non-renewals)	. 567,826
ACRES UNDER NON-RENEWAL	445
PERCENTAGE OF PRIVATELY OWNED LAND UNDER THE	
LAND CONSERVATION ACT	74%
2019 SECURED PARCEL COUNT	21,723
2019 UNSECURED PARCEL COUNT	1,990

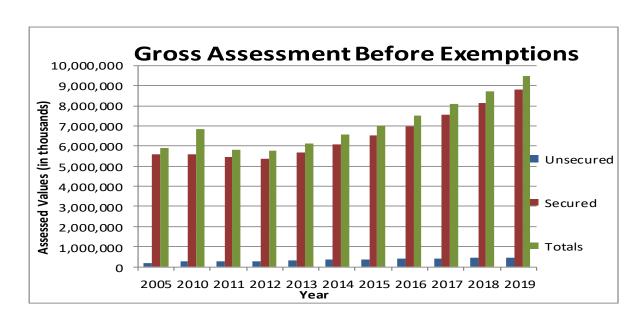
HISTORY OF COUNTY TAXABLE VALUE INCREASES/DECREASES

<u>2004/05</u>	2005/06	2006/07	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12
7.0%	9.1%	10.1%	6.3%	-1.0%	-8.5%	-5.2%	-2.5%
2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
-1.7%	6.3%	8.2%	6.6%	7.3%	7.7%	7.6%	8.2%

ASSESSMENT HISTORY

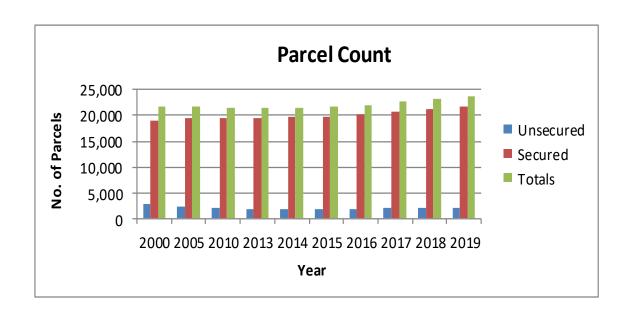
(GROSS ASSESSMENTS BEFORE EXEMPTIONS—CONVERTED TO TAXABLE VALUES)

	SECURED	<u>UNSECURED</u>	<u>UTILITY</u>	TOTAL
2005-2006	5,605,300,000	198,400,000	91,400,000	5,895,100,000
2006-2007	6,180,300,000	208,500,000	93,600,000	6,482,400,000
2007-2008	6,573,600,000	216,000,000	98,000,000	6,887,600,000
2008-2009	6,446,350,000	252,700,000	105,350,000	6,824,400,000
2009-2010	5,903,394,723	264,930,002	108,569,315	6,276,894,040
2010-2011	5,600,541,901	254,491,194	109,094,245	5,964,127,340
2011-2012	5,461,504,206	262,487,036	114,048,041	5,838,039,283
2012-2013	5,357,365,596	281,740,623	120,244,285	5,759,350,504
2013-2014	5,662,509,723	323,416,336	126,599,068	6,112,525,127
2014-2015	6,104,579,833	362,445,671	129,807,217	6,596,832,721
2015-2016	6,522,863,660	360,571,186	141,921,989	7,025,356,835
2016-2017	6,970,102,291	417,586,973	147,464,430	7,535,153,694
2017-2018	7,540,336,228	416,732,649	158,659,125	8,115,728,002
2018-2019	8,119,329,009	435,612,757	180,717,134	8,735,658,900
2019-2020	8,821,940,389	460,747,395	182,832,381	9,465,520,165



NUMBER OF ASSESSMENT PARCELS IN COUNTY

LIEN DATE	SECURED	<u>UNSECURED</u>	TOTAL
1/1/00	18,864	2,871	21,735
1/1/05	19,431	2,224	21,655
1/1/10	19,474	1,993	21,467
1/1/11	19,474	1,900	21,374
1/1/12	19,477	1,952	21,429
1/1/13	19,570	1,968	21,538
1/1/14	19,659	1,908	21,567
1/1/15	19,771	1,865	21,636
1/1/16	20,182	1,886	22,068
1/1/17	20,684	1,981	22,665
1/1/18	21,269	2,008	23,277
1/1/19	21,723	1,990	23,713



LAND CONSERVATION ACT (WILLIAMSON ACT) - The Williamson Act is a statewide program enacted in San Benito County in 1968, allowing property owners to enter into a contract with the county to maintain the land in agricultural production. All contracts are for a term of ten (10) years and automatically renew each year unless a Notice of Non-Renewal is filed by the owner. Our office is responsible for the assessment and administration of the Williamson Act. We annually update the taxable values and respond to the ever increasing information inquiries by property owners, prospective property owners, real estate agents, etc. Over the last several years, our Williamson Act statistics have undergone some changes. In 2008, the subvention monies were reduced by 10% due to the State budget and from 2009 and forward the subvention funds were essentially eliminated by the State. The Board of Supervisors amended the County Williamson Act Ordinance in 2009 which placed a moratorium on the creation of new Williamson Act contracts and enlargements of existing contracts until subvention payments are reinstated by the State. In 2015, we had our first Williamson Act cancellation which resulted in over 6,000 acres being removed from the Act.

TAVVEAD		NO. OF	<u>ACRES</u>	ACRES IN	ANNUAL STATE
	TAX YEAR	<u>PARCELS</u>	<u>UNDER</u>	NON-RENEWAL STATUS	<u>SUBVENTION</u>
	2008-2009	2,283	584,000	7,900	\$687,870
	2009-2010	2,296	583,700	7,680	\$21
	2010-2011	2,232	583,000	6,500	-
	2011-2012	2,213	580,600	4,000	-
	2012-2013	2,205	579,900	3,900	-
	2013-2014	2,206	579,800	3,900	-
	2014-2015	2,196	578,400	2,300	-
	2015-2016	2,195	578,300	2,200	-
	2016-2017	2,163	570,700	1,060	-
	2017-2018	2,149	570,400	840	-
	2018-2019	2,144	569,500	200	-
	2019-2020	2,142	567,800	440	-

Please see our website for more information and statistics on the LCA Program in San Benito County.

www.cosb.us/assessor

Bay Area Counties 2019-2020 Secured, Unsecured, and Total Assessment Roll (Less Misc. Exemptions) County Secured Roll **Unsecured Roll Total Net Roll** % chg from prior yr. Alameda \$294,758,415,232 \$15,718,793,782 \$310,477,209,014 7.08% Contra Costa \$209,527,320,097 \$5,821,340,409 \$215,348,660,506 5.31% Marin \$80,907,632,984 \$1,621,638,521 \$82,529,271,505 5.07% Monterey \$67,540,504,637 \$3,552,806,125 \$71,093,310,762 7.05% \$40,293,804,129 \$1,568,993,480 \$41,862,797,609 6.58% Napa San Benito \$8,674,414,759 \$441,200,453 \$9,115,615,212 8.15% San Francisco \$261,018,657,481 \$17,009,940,509 \$278,028,597,990 8.36% San Mateo \$227,617,193,673 \$11,667,105,920 \$239,284,299,593 7.09% Santa Clara \$486,040,835,929 \$30,027,967,685 \$516,068,803,614 6.79% Santa Cruz \$47,193,049,716 \$1,021,442,543 \$48,214,492,259 5.23% Solano \$55,329,457,313 \$2,690,214,609 \$58,019,671,922 5.45%

Among the 12 Bay Area Counties, San Benito was second in overall percentage growth in assessed value.

\$3,027,688,261

\$94,756,262,622

5.82%

\$91,728,574,361

Sonoma

	Most Populous 15 California Counties (ranked by population)					
	2019-2020 Secured, Unsecured and Total Assessment Roll (Less Miscellaneous Exemptions)					
Pop. Rank	County	Secured Roll	Unsecured Roll	Total Gross Roll (less Misc Exemptions)	% chg from prior yr.	
1	Los Angeles	\$1,555,155,154,803	\$56,550,845,095	\$1,611,705,999,898	6.22%	
2	Orange	\$604,071,870,830	\$20,737,561,024	\$624,809,431,854	5.44%	
3	San Diego	\$538,021,303,893	\$17,726,376,415	\$555,747,680,308	5.70%	
4	Santa Clara	\$486,040,835,929	\$30,027,967,685	\$516,068,803,614	6.79%	
5	Riverside	\$286,624,403,719	\$9,047,049,896	\$295,671,453,615	5.98%	
6	San Bernardino	\$224,498,872,201	\$11,910,452,812	\$236,409,325,013	6.62%	
7	Alameda	\$294,758,415,232	\$15,718,793,782	\$310,477,299,014	7.08%	
8	Sacramento	\$165,463,734,776	\$6,348,238,909	\$171,811,973,685	6.09%	
9	Contra Costa	\$209,527,320,097	\$5,821,340,409	\$215,348,660,506	5.31%	
10	Fresno	\$79,160,535,266	\$3,520,779,943	\$82,681,315,209	5.78%	
11	Kern	\$87,181,945,054	\$8,148,052,408	\$95,329,997,462	4.37%	
12	San Francisco	\$261,018,657,481	\$17,009,940,509	\$278,028,597,990	8.36%	
13	Ventura	\$136,545,744,229	\$4,648,294,334	\$141,194,038,563	4.68%	
14	San Mateo	\$227,617,193,673	\$11,667,105,920	\$239,284,299,593	7.09%	
15	San Joaquin	\$74,946,527,536	\$4,165,808,710	\$79,112,336,246	6.85%	

Of the 15 largest Counties, San Francisco was first in overall percentage growth in assessed value.

Smallest 20 California Counties

(ranked by assessed valuation minus other exemptions)

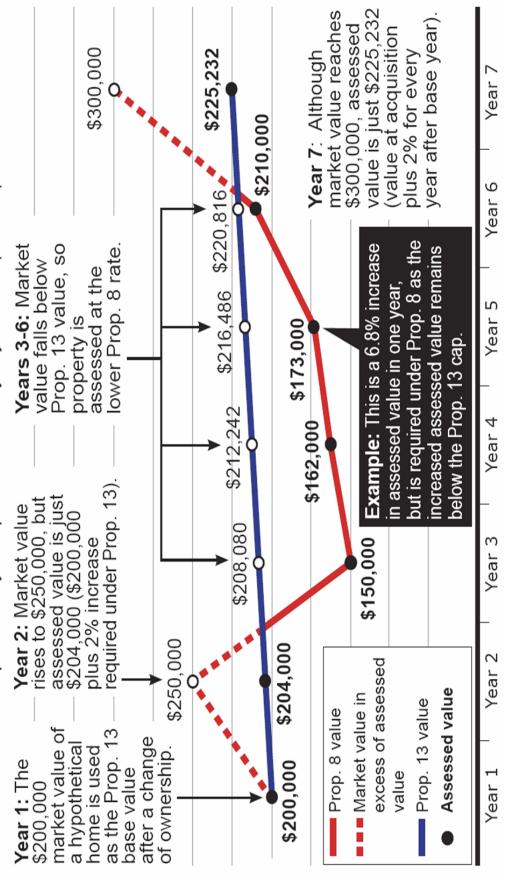
2019-2020 Gross Secured, Unsecured and Total Assessment Roll

	<u>County</u>	Secured Roll	Unsecured Roll	Total Gross Roll (less Misc Exemptions)	% chg from prior year
(1)	Sierra	\$ 567,057,750	\$ 24,591,925	\$ 591,649,675	3.5%
(2)	Alpine	\$ 713,003,002	\$ 43,657,645	\$ 756,660,647	3.3%
(3)	Modoc	\$ 978,179,940	\$ 46,668,848	\$ 1,024,848,788	2.4%
(4)	Trinity	\$ 1,676,607,516	\$ 39,276,237	\$ 1,715,883,753	3.7%
(5)	Del Norte	\$ 1,868,451,896	\$ 46,946,049	\$ 1,915,397,945	3.5%
(6)	Lassen	\$ 2,178,254,075	\$ 116,355,587	\$ 2,294,609,662	4.0%
(7)	Mariposa	\$ 2,311,834,588	\$ 159,049,050	\$ 2,470,883,638	4.4%
(8)	Colusa	\$ 3,161,595,708	\$ 329,636,720	\$ 3,491,232,428	7.1%
(9)	Glenn	\$ 3,355,884,755	\$ 147,309,628	\$ 3,503,194,383	10.3%
(10)	Plumas	\$ 3,829,435,197	\$ 118,678,629	\$ 3,948,113,826	4.7%
(11)	Inyo	\$ 4,235,256,798	\$ 367,740,420	\$ 4,602,997,218	2.2%
(12)	Siskiyou	\$ 4,614,630,629	\$ 241,959,443	\$ 4,856,590,072	2.7%
(13)	Amador	\$ 5,265,788,876	\$ 87,080,282	\$ 5,352,869,158	4.7%
(14)	Tehama	\$ 5,711,678,154	\$ 279,527,920	\$ 5,991,206,074	6.5%
(15)	Yuba	\$ 5,968,115,463	\$ 246,090,480	\$ 6,214,205,943	7.4%
(16)	Mono	\$ 5,947,266,148	\$ 425,429,377	\$ 6,372,695,525	5.8%
(17)	Lake	\$ 7,256,688,944	\$ 180,421,211	\$ 7,437,110,155	5.5%
(18)	Calaveras	\$ 7,438,027,514	\$ 101,279,070	\$ 7,539,306,584	4.7%
(19)	Tuolumme	\$ 7,493,080,543	\$ 202,521,552	\$ 7,695,602,095	4.4%
(20)	San Benito	\$ 8,674,414,759	\$ 441,200,453	\$ 9,115,615,212	8.1%

Among the 20 smallest California Counties, San Benito County was 2nd in overall percentage assessment growth.

How property values are assessed

percent a year unless the market value of a property falls lower. When that happens, Proposition California's Proposition 13 caps the growth of a property's assessed value at no more than 2 However, as the value of the property rises, the assessed value and resulting property taxes may 8, which also passed in 1978, allows the property to be temporarily reassessed at the lower value. ncrease more than 2 percent a year up to the annually adjusted Prop. 13 cap.



Terms and Definitions*

Ad Valorem Property Tax Taxes imposed on the basis of the property's value.

Assessed Value The taxable value of a property against which the tax rate is applied.

Assessee The person to whom the property is being assessed.

Assessment Appeal The assessee may file an appeal for reduction of the assessed value on

the current local roll during the regular filing period for that year, between July 2 and November 30 with the Clerk of the Board. For supplemental or escape assessments, appeals must be filed within 60 days of the mailing of the tax bill or receipt of the notice, whichever is

earlier.

Assessment Appeals Board The Board of Supervisors, sitting as the Assessment Appeals Board

operating under state law, to review and adjust assessments upon

request of a taxpayer or his or her agent. (See "assessment appeal")

Assessment Number A number used to identify assessed property. Synonymous with "APN" (Assessor's Parcel Number) when referring to the fee parcel. It

is also the number given to identify improvements on leased lands, possessory interest, manufactured housing, etc. NOTE: An Assessor's

parcel may have more than one assessment number tied to it.

Assessment Roll The official list of all property within the county valued by the

Assessor's Office.

Assessment Roll Year The year following the annual lien date and the regular assessment of

property beginning on July 1.

Assessment Review Requests by property owners for Assessor's staff to review the

assessment of their property to determine if the assessed value should

be changed.

Assessor's Map Also known as an Assessor's Parcel Map; these show details of

Assessor's parcels in a graphic format. They include such information as Assessor's Parcel Numbers, property bearings and dimensions, acreage, roads, and other information to assist the appraisal process. Not to be confused with a (recorded) parcel map which subdivides

property.

Assessor's Parcel This is the fee parcel for assessment purposes. These parcels are shown

in detail on Assessor's maps and each parcel is denoted by a specific APN. Assessor's parcels are created based on recorded documents and

maps.

Assessor's Parcel Number (APN) Represents a configuration of property in a specific geographic location

of the county. This identifies the "Fee Parcel" for assessment purposes. These are the numbers reflected on Assessor's maps and usually designated as a twelve digit number. The grouping indicates Book-

Page-Parcel.

Base Year (Value)

The 1975-76 regular roll value serves as the original base value. Thereafter, changes to the assessment on real property value, or a portion thereof, caused by new construction or changes in ownership create the base year value used in establishing the full cash value of such real property.

Basic Aid

"Basic aid" school districts rely principally on locally derived property tax revenues to fund school operations, rather than on Statewide reallocation formulas based on average daily attendance and other factors. School districts become "basic aid" when the projected level of revenues provided by local property taxes exceeds the state formula.

Business Personal Property

Business personal property is assessable, and includes computers, supplies, office furniture and equipment, tooling, machinery and equipment. Most business inventory is exempt. (See personal property).

Change in Ownership

When a transfer of ownership in Real Property occurs, the Assessor determines if a reappraisal is required under state law. If required, the reappraised value becomes the new base value of the property transferred, and a supplemental assessment is enrolled.

CPI

Consumer Price Index as determined annually by the California Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Escaped Assessments

When property that should have been assessed in a prior year is belatedly discovered and assessed, it is referred to as an "escape assessment" because it is an assessment that levied outside the normal assessment period for the lien date(s) in question.

Exclusions from Reappraisal

Some changes in ownership may be excluded from reappraisal if a timely claim is filed with the Assessor's Office that meets the qualifications. Examples include the transfer of real property between parents and children or senior citizens over age 55 who replaces their principal residence.

Exemption

Allowance of a deduction from the taxable assessed value of the property as prescribed by law.

Homeowners Exemption

People who own and occupy a dwelling on the lien date as their principal place of residence are eligible to receive an exemption of up to \$7,000 of the dwelling's taxable value. The tax dollars reduced by the

homeowner's exemption are reimbursed to the County by the State of California.

Exemptions: Other

Charitable, hospital, religious or scientific organizations, colleges, cemeteries, museums, and disabled Veterans (for 100%, service-connected disabled Veterans) are eligible for exemption.

Factored Base Year Value

A property's base value is adjusted each year by the change in the California Consumer Price Index (CPI), not to exceed 2%. The factored base value is the upper limit of taxable value each year.

Fiscal Year

The period beginning July 1 and ending June 30.

Fixture

An improvement to real property whose purpose directly applies to or augments the process or function of a trade, industry or profession.

Full Cash Value (FCV)

The amount of cash or its equivalent value which property would bring if exposed for sale in the open market and as further defined in Revenue and Taxation Code 110.1.

Improvements

Buildings or structures generally attached to the land. Improvements may also include certain business fixtures.

Legal Description

The geographical identity of a specific parcel of land which is acceptable in a court of law.

Lien

The amount owed and created by the assessment of the property, or the amount levied against property by a taxing agency or revenue district.

Lien Date

The time when taxes for any fiscal year become a lien on property; and the time as of which property is valued for tax purposes. The lien date for California property is 12:01 a.m. on January 1 (effective January 1, 1997) preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are collected. The lien date for prior years was March 1. Revenue & Taxation Code Vol. 2 Section 2195.

Mobile Homes

On July, 1980, the Department of Motor Vehicles transferred all mobile home licensing and registration to the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). The law required that mobile homes be classified as personal property and enrolled on the secured roll.

New Base Year (Value)

The full cash value of property on the date it changes ownership or when new construction is completed.

New Construction

The construction of new buildings, additions to existing buildings, or alterations which convert the property to another to another use or extends the economic life of the improvement, is reassessed, establishing a new base year value for only that portion of the property.

Personal Property

Any property except real estate, including airplanes, boats, and business property such as computers, supplies, furniture, machinery and equipment. (most business inventory, household furnishings, personal effects, and pets are exempt from taxation.)

Possessory Interest (PI)

The possession or the right to possession of real estate whose fee title is held by a tax exempt public agency. Examples of a PI include the exclusive right to use public property at an airport such as a hanger or a concession stand at the county fair. In both cases, the lessee is subject to property taxes. Regardless of the type of document evidencing the right to possession, a taxable PI exists whenever a private party has the exclusive right to beneficial use of tax exemption publicly owned real property.

Proposition 13

Passed by California voters in June 1978, Proposition 13 is a Constitutional Amendment that limits the taxation of property and creates a procedure for establishing the current taxable value of locally assessed real property, referencing a base year full cash value.

Proposition 8

Proposition 8 passed by the voters in 1978 allows the Assessor to temporarily lower assessments when the market value on January 1 is lower than the factored base year value for that year.

Upon written application by the property owner to the Assessor's Office or independent action by the Assessor, the property value will be reviewed as of the preceding January 1st lien date.

If the market value of the property is less than its factored base year value, market value will be enrolled for the specific assessment year.

Whenever such relief is provided, the Assessor is obligated to annually review and enroll the lesser of either market value or the factored base year value, but never higher than the factored base year value.

If it is determined that the market value of the property exceeds the factored base year value of the property, the factored base year value will be restored for the assessment year. At this point the property will no longer be annually reviewed and will be subject to annual increases not to exceed 2%.

Proposition 58

This may exclude from reassessment transfers of real property between parents and children or grandparents and grandchildren.

Proposition 60

This may allow a person who is at least 55 years of age, or any severely and permanently disabled person who resides on the property, and who is eligible for the Homeowners' Exemption, to transfer the base year value of their original property to a replacement dwelling of equal or lesser value within the same county.

Title	A person's right to ownership of real property, usually manifested by a
	recorded document such as a deed, decree of distribution, contract of
	sale, etc.

Welfare Exemption A property tax exemption for non-profit organizations that are

charitable, religious, hospital, or scientific in nature.

Williamson Act Legislation providing agricultural landowners the opportunity.

(Land Conservation Act) to enter into a contract with the county which restricts the use of their

land to farming in exchange for alternative taxation procedures.

Property Assessment Calendar

January 1	Lien date for next assessment roll year (July 1-June 30). This is the
	time when taxes for the next fiscal year become a lien on the property.

- **February 15** Deadline to file <u>ALL</u> exemption claims.
 - **April 1** Due date for filing statements for business personal property, boats and aircraft.
 - April 10 Last day to pay second installment on secured property without penalty. This tax payment is based on property values determined for the January 1 lien date fifteen (15) months earlier.
 - May 7 Last day to file business personal property, boat and aircraft statements without incurring a 10% late filing penalty.
 - **July 1** Close of assessment roll and start of the new assessment roll year. The assessment roll is the official list of all assessable property in the county.
 - July 2 First day to file assessment application with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.
 - Mid-July Annual assessment notices to all property owners having a 2% adjustment (+/-) to property values. Property owners should call the Assessor's Office with any questions.
 - August 31 Last day to pay unsecured property taxes without penalty.

^{*}Definition of terms are provided to simplify assessment terminology, but does not replace legal definitions.

What Does the Assessor Do?

The Assessor has the following basic responsibilities:

- Locate all taxable property in the County and identify the ownership.
- Establish a value for all property subject to property taxation.
- List the value of all property on the assessment roll.
- Apply all legal exemptions.
- Mapping of all parcels of real estate within the county.

Contrary to popular opinion the Assessor:

- <u>Does not compute property tax bills.</u>
- <u>Does not</u> collect property taxes.
- <u>Does not establish property tax laws.</u>

Please visit our web site for more information about the Assessor's Office: www.cosb.us/government/assessor

Annual Reports

Property Assessment CalendarTerms and DefinitionsA Word About Property TaxesChange of Ownership

Assessment of Property Exemptions

<u>Land Conservation Act</u> <u>Property Owner Tips</u>

Assessor Forms

Information Pamphlets

- 1. Facts About Supplemental Assessment
- 2. These Assessments Are Too High!
- 3. What Does The Assessor Do?
- 4. What Happens When I Build On My Property?
- 5. What Happens When I Buy A Home?

<u>Assessor Public Inquiry link</u> <u>Assessor Agency Inquiry link</u>



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